Cardiff and Vale UHB: Dabigatran (Pradaxa) Counselling for A GIG Cardydd a'r Fro



Patients With Non-Valvular Atrial Fibrillation

Document to be signed and filed in patient's medical record													
Patient details: (Hospital Number Name Date of Birth Address	,	graph)				C	Cons	sultant	•				
Tick once completed													
Reason for anticoa	gulation explain	ed to pation	ent										
Importance of taking treatment regularly as prescribed, as missing a dose will increase risk of treatment failure and risk of stoke or systemic embolisation													
Duration of anticoagulation: Long-term Other (specify):													
Patient has had CCHA2DS2-VASc	HA2DS2-VASc ,	HAS-BLED HAS-B	Г	and e G l	FR/CrCl	calcul		l. (record					
CAVUHB prescribe	CAVUHB prescriber support document has been completed												
Dabigatran (Pradaxa) counselling													
Dabigatran is cont	raindicated in pr	regnancy /	breas	t feedin	g. Negat	tive pr	egna	ancy te	st: Yes		No	N/A	
Patient involved in and agrees to decision to treat with Dabigatran as opposed to alternative treatment e.g. warfarin													
Dabigatran is a tablet taken twice a day (12 hours apart). It can be taken with or without food, swallow whole with a glass of water.													е
If a dose is missed take Dabigatran as soon as you remember (up to 6 hours before the next dose) and continue the following day with regular dose at the usual time (do not double the next dose taken).													
No routine coagulation monitoring, is required, however patient has been informed of the need for a minimum of yearly checks on their renal function. All patients on anticoagulation should have an annual anticoagulation review with their GP.													
Patient counselled with regards to risk of treatment, including risk of bleeding.													
Common side effe bleeding. Patient u emergency depart	ınderstands that	if bleeding						-			_		
If patient suffers a non-bleeding related side effect they should not stop Dabigatran but must seek advice from a Healthcare Professional (GP, nurse or pharmacist)													
Patient is aware that a number of different medicines that are prescribed or that can be brought over the counter from a pharmacy or herbalist might interact with Dabigatran . Before starting any new medicines the patient must seek advice from a Healthcare Professional (GP or pharmacist)													
Patient has receive	ed written inforn	nation rega	arding	Dabiga	tran								
Patient alert card provided, must be carried at all times and produced when seeing a Healthcare Professional (including GP, nurse, pharmacist or dentist)												ıl	
Counselling co	ompleted by:	(sign ar	nd pi	rint)							Da	ate	
Patient's name	2			S	ianatu	re					D:	ate	